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4th Global Review of Aid for Trade Connecting to Value Chains 8-10 July 2013

DRAFT AGENDA

Since 2007, the Global Review of Aid for Trade has established itself as the preeminent multilateral forum exploring trade and development issues. Past Global Reviews have examined how developing, and in particular least developed countries (LDCs), are seeking to integrate into the global economy, how development partners are supporting this process and the efficacy of this assistance. This year's Global Review takes as its theme: "Connecting to Value Chains".

Global trade is increasingly characterized by transactions within complex production chains. The global expansion of value chains is offering new opportunities for many developing countries. Value chains are no longer just north-south in character, but also involve increasingly complex regional and south-south trade interactions and are extending beyond goods into services too.

However, many developing countries, and in particular LDCs, remain on the margins of global trade, attract limited foreign or domestic investment, and are locked into supplying a narrow range of goods or services. The aim of the 4th Global Review of Aid for Trade is to examine strategies to connect developing country and LDC firms to international value chains, how to move up the value chain and discuss the associated development benefits in the context of the debate about the post-2015 development agenda.

The 4th Global Review is underpinned by an extensive monitoring exercise by the OECD and WTO, together with Grow Africa, the International Chamber of Commerce, the International Trade Centre, the International Telecommunications Union and the World Tourism Organization. Results from this monitoring exercise will inform debate at the Review meeting.

Spread over three days, the Review will focus on:

- The relationship between value chains, trade and the post-2015 development agenda.
- How Aid for Trade can support developing countries connect to value chains and associated challenges and development benefits.
- Future perspectives for the Aid-for-Trade Initiative.

	DAY 1: TRADE, DEVELOPMENT GOALS AND VALUE CHAINS
8.50 - 9.00	Conference Announcements (Room CR)
	Participants are requested to be present and seated in the meeting room for preliminary announcements. Badges may be collected on 5 July from 13.00-18.00, on 6 and 7 July from 14.00-18.00 and on 8, 9 and 10 July from 07.30.
9.00 - 9.30	 Session 1: Aid for Trade at a Glance 2013: Connecting to Value Chains (Room CR) Session 1 will profile key messages from the joint OECD-WTO report "Aid for Trade at a Glance 2013: Connecting to Value Chains". Aid-for-Trade (AFT) flows declined for the first time between 2010 and 2011. Compared with the 2002-2005 baseline, AFT flows were still 56% higher, but the outlook for funding is mixed. Debt pressures and sluggish growth continue to affect OECD donors. In contrast, South-South aid, investment and trade have recovered rapidly from the downturn. Structural changes in patterns of global trade are also becoming apparent. Some 60% of merchandise trade is now in intermediate products. This session will examine these trends and their implications for the role of trade in development – and the role that Aid for Trade can play in helping developing countries draw development benefits from their participation in the multilateral trading system. Pascal Lamy, Director-General, World Trade Organization Angel Gurría, Secretary-General, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
9.30 - 10.45	 Session 2: Connecting to Value Chains - Aid for Trade Support from Multilateral Development Institutions (Room CR) Session 2 will discuss trends in the global economy and their implications for developing and in particular Least Developed Countries (LDCs) from both a multilateral and regional perspective. International Financial Institutions will discuss how their programmes and policies are helping connect developing countries to the trading system - in particular through participation in value chains. UNDP will place the discussion in the context of the discussions on the post-2015 development agenda. Helen Clark, Administrator, United Nations Development Programme Donald Kaberuka, President, African Development Bank Sri Mulyani Indrawati, Managing Director, World Bank Group Min Zhu, Deputy Managing Director, International Monetary Fund Bindu N. Lohani, Vice-President, Knowledge Management and Sustainable Development, Asian Development Bank Betsy Nelson, Vice President, Risk, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development Hans Schulz, Vice President for the Private Sector and Non-Sovereign Guaranteed Operations, Inter-American Development Bank
	Waleed Al-Wohaib, Chief Executive Officer, Islamic Trade Finance Corporation, Islamic Development Bank

	DAY 1: TRADE, DEVELOPMENT GOALS	AND VALUE CHAINS
11.15 - 13.00	Session 3: Value Chains – Adding Value for Development? (Room CR)	Session 4: Trade Finance and Value Chains – Overcoming Structural Access Issues (Room W)
	New research is revealing the extent to which global and regional trade flows are influenced by value chains. For developing countries, complex production systems based on trade in tasks open the possibility of market entry based on comparative advantage in one or more tasks in a product or service chain, rather than in the full product or service itself. The emergence of so-called "Factory Asia" has been intrinsically linked to this process. Other regions are also falling under the value chain spell as developing countries seek to both enter and move up value chains – and in so doing run into fresh policy challenges. The session will bring public and private perspectives on the issues involved with value chains, from	The economic crisis of 2009 underscored the multilateral trading system's dependence on trade finance for its effective functioning. Between 80-90% of global trade depends on some sort of trade finance. Yet structural access issues, related to such factors as poorly developed banking sectors or perceived country credit risk continue to act as bottlenecks. A recent Asian Development Bank survey estimated that some US\$ 1.6 trillion of global demand for trade finance went unmet in 2011. The session will examine progress made on access to trade finance and the scale of the task still ahead.
	both an economic growth and development perspective.	Moderator: Ravi Ratnayake, Director, Trade and Investment Division, United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
	Moderator: Gary Gereffi, Director, Center on Globalization, Governance & Competitiveness, Duke University	 Marc Auboin, Counsellor, Economic Research, World Trade Organization
	• Karel de Gucht, Commissioner for Trade, European Commission	Steve Beck, Head, Trade Finance, Asian Development Bank
	Md. Shafiul Islam, Member, Bangladesh Garment and Exporters Manufacturers Association (BGMEA)	Lamin M. Drammeh, Senior Investment Officer, Trade Finance, African Development Bank
	Anabel González, Minister of Trade, Costa RicaHloni Matsela, Corporate Affairs Director, SAB Miller Africa	• Thierry Senechal, Senior Policy Manager, Banking Commission, International Chamber of Commerce
	• Lilianne Ploumen, Minister for Foreign Trade and Development Cooperation, Netherlands	H. Scott Stevenson, Senior Manager, Trade and Supply Chain Department, International Finance Corporation
	Luc Magloire Mbarga Atangana, Minister of Commerce, Cameroon	• Stoyan Tenev, Manager, Independent Evaluation Group, World Bank Group
		• Bram van Helvoirt, Programme Manager, Centre for the Promotion of Imports from Developing Countries (CBI)
13.30 - 15.00	Session 5: Aid, Trade, and the Post-2015 Development Agenda	Session 6: Connecting LDCs to Value Chains (Room D)
	(Room W) Founded on the core values of human rights, equality and sustainability, the UN's Post 2015 Development Agenda and its Global Partnership for Development aim to "ensure that globalization becomes a positive force for all the world's people of present and future generations". A central question for this panel is how to ensure that globalization helps build	In 2011, LDCs posted robust trade growth of over 20%. Total exports of goods and services reached a historic high of US\$230 billion. Figures for 2012 likely show a similar story. Yet, the share of LDCs in world trade remains little more than 1.1% and most LDCs remain dependent on a narrow range of primary commodities and services. Diversification and adding value to commodity exports emerge strongly as policy priorities

	DAY 1: TRADE, DEVELOPMENT GOALS	AND VALUE CHAINS
	sustainable and inclusive development. Another question concerns the role of aid and trade in helping developing countries benefit from globalization. Stakeholders from developed and developing countries, from the public sector and from civil society will explore the inter- linkages and debate how globalization can be shaped to benefit all.	for LDCs. But how can this be achieved? Through "policy space" to develop productive capacity? Through policies to target constraints to joining and moving up value chains and attract investment? This session will explore the implications of a value chain world for LDCs trade integration and their development prospects.
	Moderator: Shada Islam, Head of Policy, Friends of Europe	Moderator: Shanker Das Bairagi, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WTO, Nepal
	• Michael Anderson, Prime Minister's Special Envoy on the UN Development Goals, Department for International Development, United Kingdom	 Gyan C. Acharya, UN Under-Secretary-General and High Representative for the Least-developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States
	Carlos Lopes, Executive Secretary, United Nations Economic Commission for Africa	• Emmanuel T. Chenda, Minister of Commerce Trade and Industry,
	Betty Maina, Chief Executive, Kenya Association of Manufacturers	Zambia
	Pradeep Mehta, Secretary General, CUTS International	• Minelik Alemu Getahun, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WTO, Ethiopia
	• Andris Piebalgs, Commissioner for Development, European Commission	• Fonotoe Nuafesili Pierre Lauofo, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Trade, Samoa
	• Eric G. Postel, Assistant Administrator, Bureau of Economic Growth, Education and Environment, United States Agency for International	Patrick Low, Chief Economist, World Trade Organization
	Development	• Alioune Sarr, Minister of Industry, Informal Sector and Trade, Senegal
	Gita Irawan Wirjawan, Minister of Trade, Indonesia	• Guillermo Valles, Director, Division on International Trade in Goods and Services and Commodities, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
15.00 - 16.30	Session 7: South-South Value Chains: Tapping into Growth Markets (Room CR)	Session 8: Bringing the Private Sector and Investment into Aid for Trade (Room W)
	Twenty years ago South-South trade accounted for approximately 10% of world trade; this figure is now closer to 30%. Strong growth rates in emerging economies are keeping South-South trade flows dynamic. Developing economies account for over half of global foreign direct investment flows – with an increasing portion of that investment emanating in the south. Research by the <u>Asian Development Bank</u> , the <u>Confederation of Indian Industry</u> and the <u>Inter-American Development</u> <u>Bank</u> highlight the vitality of these processes, but also how addressing bottlenecks in such areas as trade infrastructure, trade facilitation, residual trade barriers and insufficient regional cooperation can further invigorate these processes.	The development community is paying ever-greater attention to the role of the private sector in achieving development impacts. Foreign direct investment flows are the most important source of external development financing for developing countries, including for many LDCs. Efforts to improve national investment climates are also galvanizing domestic private investment. Nevertheless, Aid-for-Trade flows remain important, particularly where investment is heavily sectorally focused (e.g., on extractive industries in LDCs), to the creation of productive capacity. The private sector is also redoubling its own efforts to build supplier capacity in developing countries, as part of core business strategy and through strategies to create shared value and corporate social responsibility. The panel will discuss the intersections of these various trends and how best

	DA	Y 1: TRADE, DEVELOPMENT GOALS	S AND VALUE CHAINS	
	 Keynote remarks: Alhaji Muhammad Mumuni, Secretary-General, African, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States, ACP Group <i>Moderator: Valentine Rugwabiza, Deputy Director-General, World Trade Organization</i> Antoni Estevadeordal, Manager of Integration and Trade, Inter-American Development Bank Bradford M. Gibbs, Managing Director, Mara Group Jayant Menon, Lead Economist, Trade and Regional Cooperation, Office of Regional Economic Integration, Asian Development Bank Sunil Kant Munjal, Joint Managing Director, Hero MotoCorp Limited & Chairman, Hero Corporate Service Limited 		 Cooperation Directorate, Organisati Development Anthony Miller, CSR Focal Point, United Nations Conference on Trade Giles Bolton, Head, Ethical Tradin William Kalema, Chairman, Ugand Leonor von Limburg, Adviso Gesellschaft für internationale Zusam Brian Mitchell, Executive Director 	incipal Administrator, Development ion for Economic Co-operation and Investment and Enterprise Division, and Development Ig Policy, Tesco da Manufacturers Association or, Trade Programme, Deutsche imenarbeit (GIZ), Germany
16.30 - 18.00	Session 9: Aid for Trade, Value Chains and Intra-African Trade (Room CR) Africa's trade performance has outperformed the global average in the past decade, but Africa's intra- regional trade remains low by international standards at around 12% of total trade. In January 2012, African Heads of State and Government adopted an African Union (AU) Action Plan for "Boosting Intra-African Trade and the Establishment of a Continental Free Trade Area" that spells out programmes, activities, outputs, timeframes and key lines of responsibility. This session will examine progress towards achieving the goals set out in the AU Action Plan.	Session 10: Aid for Trade and Value Chains: Connecting the Americas (Room W) This session will discuss the constraints of firms in Latin America and the Caribbean to integrate into global value chains and the initiatives from the IaDB and other AfT donors to address these constraints, such as through trade facilitation, trade finance and IaDB's new ConnectAmericas platform. The session will also review the performance of support given and discuss how to direct future assistance for maximum impact. Key note speaker: Hans Schulz, Vice President for the Private Sector and Non-Sovereign Guaranteed Operations, Inter-	Session 11: Aid for Trade, Value Chains and Intra-Asian Trade (Room D) Intra-regional trade now accounts for more than 50% of Asia's total trade. Asia's experience with the creation of regional value chains highlights how aid and trade can work alongside investment to stimulate economic growth and development. The focus of this session will be a new report of the co-chairs of the Asian Pacific Regional Technical Group on "Promoting the Private Sector and Global Value Chains" Key note speaker: Bindu N. Lohani, Vice-President, Knowledge Management and Sustainable Development, Asian Development Bank	Session 12: UNDP/Islamic Development Bank session for the Arab Region: "Trade and Economic Integration in a Changing Middle-East and North Africa: Enhancing Value- added Production, Trade Flows and Employment" (Room S1) This session will highlight successful efforts at value added production and trade in goods and services in the Middle East and North Africa in the context of a rapidly changing political economy. It will also focus on the challenges of trade and economic integration and on addressing such problems as youth employment as part of the response to the post-2015 global development framework. Chair: Waleed Al-Wohaib, Chief Executive Officer, Islamic Trade

DAY 1: TRADE, DEVELOPMENT GOALS AND VALUE CHAINS				
Moderator: Carlos Lopes, Executive Secretary, United Nations Economic Commission for Africa • Fatima Haram Acyl, Commissioner for Trade and Industry, African Union Commission • Siep Hiemstra, President Africa and Middle East, Heineken • Donald Kaberuka, President, African Development Bank • Frank Matsaert, Chief Executive Officer, Trade Mark East Africa • Luc Magloire Mbarga Atangana, Minister of Commerce, Cameroon • Kadré Désiré Ouedraogo, President, ECOWAS Commission	 American Development Bank <i>Moderator: (tbc)</i> Anabel González, Minister of Trade, Costa Rica Isaías González, General Manager, Hospira Patrick Kilbride, Senior Director, Americas, US Chamber of Commerce Wilson Laleau, Minister of Commerce and Industry, Haiti Gail Mathurin, Ambassador, Director-General, Office of Trade Negotiations, CARICOM Secretariat 	 Moderator: Ravi Ratnayake, Director, Trade and Investment Division, United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific Noeleen Heyzer, Executive Secretary, United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific In Soo Kang, Director, Center for International Economic Studies, Sookmyung Women's University Zubair Ahmed Malik, President, Federation Of Pakistan Chambers Of Commerce and Industry Pwint San, Deputy Minister of Commerce, Myanmar Pan Sorasak, Secretary of State, Ministry of Commerce, Cambodia Nam Viyaketh, Minister of Industry and Commerce, Lao PDR Gita Irawan Wirjawan, Minister of Trade, Indonesia 	 Finance Corporation Adel Alghaberi, First EconomicAffairs Officer, Economic Development and Globalization Division, United Nations Economic and Social Committee for Western Asia Abdelkader Amara, Minister of Commerce, Industry and New Technologies, Morocco Wafaa Bassim, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WTO and Coordinator of the WTO Arab Group, Egpyt Mohammed Bin Ibrahim At- Twaijri, Assistant Secretary General for Economic Affairs at the League of Arab States Petko Draganov, Deputy Secretary-General, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development Charlotte Petri Gornitzka, Director-General, Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency Ziad Abdel Samad, Executive Director, Arab NGO Network for Development Wided Bouchamaoui, President, Tunisian Union of Industry, Commerce and Handicrafts 	

	Side e	DAY 1: SIDE EVEN vents are open to all participants u			
10.45 - 11.15	The aim of this event is to demonstra Trade Facilitation Agreement. The si	Side event 1: Trade Facilitation – Australia (Room CR) The aim of this event is to demonstrate the development community's continued strong interest in working with developing countries to implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement. The side event will be Chaired by H.E. Mr. Tim Yeend, Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Australia to the WTO and is expected to involve high-level representatives of a number of key Trade Facilitation assistance donors and organizations.			
11.30 - 13.00	Side event 2: State of Play and Perspectives for Aid for Trade in Francophone West and Central Africa: Issues and Challenges (OIF/ECOWAS/ECCAS) (Room S2) At the second Global Review of Aid for Trade in 2009, the International Organisation of la Francophonie presented a paper titled "Aid for Trade in the French-speaking World: Status and Recommendations". At this side event, the OIF will present an update of this paper which reflects the most recent data and developments of Aid-for-Trade results in Francophone countries. The Aid-for-Trade strategy for the Central African region will be presented, and the ECOWAS Secretariat will also present a study on the impact of the Aid-for-Trade Initiative in the ECOWAS region.				
13.30 - 15.00	Side event 4: "Fair trade" (France) (Room S1) This side event has been organized in relation to the recently-launched first National Action Plan to Promote Fair Trade which was announced at the opening of the 2013 Fair Trade Campaign held on 29 April 2013. The side event will demonstrate how Fair Trade can stimulate trade, how it allows small producers to connect to value chains, and why it should be supported by Aid for Trade. Topics for discussion include: the concept of fair trade and its contribution to	Side event 5: Roundtable on the Role of Competition and Consumer Policies in Connecting Value Chains (UNCTAD and Switzerland) (13.00-15.00, VIP Dining Room) – By invitation only. The aim of this roundtable is to examine how developing countries, and in particular LDCs, can use competition law and policy in support of economic growth and development, and how development partners can support this process through their AfT assistance. Examples of UNCTAD	Economic Relations: Building Sustainable Partnerships through Creation of Supply Chains (Room S2) This side event has been organized to profile the results and findings of a joint India-Africa Trade Survey that was conducted as a separate initiative as part of the monitoring exercise for the Fourth Global Review. The survey, which was addressed to the private sector, sought to take stock of the barriers	Side event 7: Capturing the Gains (Duke University/ University of Manchester/DFID) (Room S3) Capturing the Gains research and programmes examine the links between economic and social upgrading in global value chains in apparel, agrifood, tourism and mobile communications. Comparative studies have examined when and how economic upgrading of producers (moving to higher value activities) can lead to social upgrading of workers and smallholders (better conditions and	

¹ Please note that the accompanying text has been supplied by side event organizers.

	Side e	vents are o	DAY 1: SIDE EVEN pen to all participants u		ed	
	value chains, and to human, productive and trade development; fair trade sector initiatives in developing countries and the results achieved in economic sectors and territories; and on mechanisms and existing French cooperation that can support the developing countries' efforts to develop fair trade.	Switzerland program su and policy examined a future AfT side event of the UNC Group of I policy, whice	nd the Government of , through COMPAL upport, competition law , strategies, will be and the implications for support discussed. The complements the work CTAD Intergovernmental Experts on Competition th is taking place from 8 013, Palais des Nations.	India and Africa.		enabling rights). Capturing the Gains brings together an international network of 40 researchers with expertise in GVCs, trade and development in Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America and the United States (see <u>www.capturingthegains.org</u>). This side event will highlight key research findings and facilitate debate on implications for trade and development policy in a GVC world.
15.00 - 16.30	Side event 8: Asia's Experie Dialogue with Africa Cambodia/AsDB) (Room D) The objective of this side event is to practices and lessons learned find experiences of Aid for Trade. It we dialogue with Africa, based on the and findings from the Regional Tech on Aid for Trade for Asia and the Pace fifth Tokyo International Conference Development.	(Japan/ share best rom Asia's will explore discussions nical Group ific and the	Sustainable Econo (Switzerland/Peru) (R The promotion of sustai the heart of Switzerla program in Peru. This s lessons learned from implementation of a tra focused on sustainable on value chain developm donor and beneficiary the importance of the sustainability in valu interventions. The side event will be for	Room S1) nable value chains is at nd's trade cooperation ide event aims to share the development and de cooperation program value chains; shed light nent interventions from a perspective; and stress e three dimensions of e chain development llowed by a Reception in here participants will be	Enhanced Regional (15.00-17.0 The side examples financed Commission contributed better inte markets. S on how ber	nt 10: Trade Facilitation for Integration into Global and Value Chains (European Union) 00, Room S2) event will present and discuss of EU assistance programmes, or managed by the European n and EU Member States, which have to reducing trade costs and fostering egration into regional and global peakers will also provide information neficiary countries can access funding ng trade facilitation reforms.
16.30 - 18.00	Side event 11: Aid for Trade Effect This side event will bring together a discussions on Empirical Evidence on Trade.	range of cor	tributions to an ODI-COM	SEC volume on Aid for T	rade and will	

	DAY 1: SIDE EVENTS ¹ Side events are open to all participants unless otherwise indicated
18.00 - 18.45	Side event 12: Ceremony to confer a Dutch Royal decoration (Netherlands) (Salle des Pas Perdus) – <u>By invitation only</u> . The Minister for Foreign Trade and Development Cooperation of the Netherlands, Ms. Lilianne Ploumen, will confer a Royal decoration (Knight Grand Cross in the Order of Orange-Nassau) on WTO Director-General Pascal Lamy. This honor is awarded by the King of the Netherlands to persons who have rendered exceptional service to society. The award ceremony will be followed by a cocktail reception.
18.30 - 20.00	Side event 13: "Brewing Development", Reception by the Worldwide Brewing Alliance (Gallery/Terrace new building) This high-level social event aimed at the trade and development communities will provide an opportunity for an informal exchange between Worldwide Brewing Alliance, the four major global brewers (SABMiller, Anheuser-Busch InBev, Carlsberg and Heineken) and delegates about brewers' investment in value chains. Participants will be able to sample beers from a range of markets, including developing countries. Reports, brochures and videos, demonstrating brewers' investments in value chains and emerging economies in particular, will be made available to showcase the positive contribution of the brewing industry to economic development.

	DAY 2: UNDERSTANDING VALUE CHAIN	IS AND DEVELOPMENT
9.00 - 11.00	Session 13: Connecting African Agribusiness to Local, Regional and Global Value Chains (Room CR)	Session 14: Aid for Trade, Value Chains and the Pacific (9.30-12.00, Room B)
	With 70% of Africa's poor still living in rural areas and depending on agriculture as their primary source of livelihood, agricultural development plays a critical role in inclusive economic growth and poverty reduction. Growing attention is focusing on accelerating public and private investment into African agriculture as a route to deliver sustainable and inclusive growth. Initiatives include, for example, the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme, the Grow Africa Initiative	Pacific Island economies face inherent supply-side constraints that may prevent them from fully harnessing the opportunities offered by trade liberalisation. This session will focus on Aid-for-Trade's role in assisting Pacific economies overcome these constraints and connect to value chains. National and regional experiences with AfT initiatives will be discussed, together with issues such as the economic empowerment of women through trade.
	and sectoral initiatives, such as the Africa Cashew Alliance. The session will examine experiences of connecting governments, businesses, investors, farmers and development partners and how they examine the	<i>Moderator: Cyrus Rustomjee, Director, Economic Affairs Division, Commonwealth Secretariat</i>
	impacts that can result from such common action. Moderator: Sean de Cleene, Co-Chair, Grow Africa and Senior Vice President, Yara	• Amanda Ellis, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the Office of the United Nations in Geneva, New Zealand, and former Head of the New Zealand Aid Programme
	David Croft, Technology Director, Waitrose	Edwini Kessie, Chief Trade Adviser, PACER Plus Negotiations, Pacific Island Forum Secretariat
	Mohamed Dowal Doumbouya, Minister of Trade, Republic of Guinea	 Sashi Kiran, Founder and Director, FRIEND Fiji
	• Thomas Elhaut, Director, Statistics and Studies for Development Division, International Fund for Agricultural Development	 Fonotoe Nuafesili Pierre Lauofo, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Trade, Samoa
	Stefan Maard, Senior Advisor, Business Development, Novozymes	Richard Maru, Minister for Trade, Commerce and Industry, Papua New
	Hloni Matsela, Corporate Affairs Director, SAB Miller Africa	Guinea
	• Tjada Mckenna, Bureau of Food Security, United States Agency for International Development	 Moses Mose, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WTO, Solomon Islands
	Theodore Partheeban, Vice-President, OLAM International	 Shiu Raj, Director, Economic Governance, Pacific Island Forum Secretariat
	• Shengwen Wang, Director General, Department of Foreign Aid, Ministry of Commerce, People's Republic of China	 Tim Yeend, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WTO, Australia
11.00 - 13.00	Session 15: Connecting to Transport and Logistics Value Chains	Session 16: Connecting to Tourism Value Chains (Room W)
	(Room CR) Transport and logistics is a sector in which value chains play a vital role in connecting countries, spreading technology, and promoting best practice around the world. The transport and logistics sector is also critical to the performance of other sectors. Manufacturing and	World Tourism Organization research reports that tourist arrivals surpassed 1 billion for the first time in 2012. Despite occasional shocks, international tourist arrivals have enjoyed virtually uninterrupted growth – from 277 million in 1980 to 528 million in 1995, and 1.035 billion in 2012. Developing countries are playing an increasingly prominent role in

	DAY 2: UNDERSTANDING VALUE CHAI	NS AND DEVELOPMENT
	 agriculture both depend on being able to ship their goods to consumers quickly, cost-effectively, and reliably. Transport and logistics value chains are extending their reach into low-income countries and least-developed countries. This session will discuss the central importance of the transport and logistics value chain and actions that government, operators and the private sector can take to improve its efficient functioning. <i>Moderator: Selina Jackson, Special Representative to the UN and the WTO, World Bank</i> Craig J. Burchell, Vice-President, European. and International Affairs, Global Head of Trade and Market Access, Royal Philips Electronics Amadou Diallo, Chief Executive Officer, DHL Freight, Deutsche Post DHL Haruna Iddrisu, Minister of Trade and Industry, Ghana Kunio Mikuriya, Secretary-General, World Customs Organization Umberto de Pretto, Secretary-General Elect, International Road Transport Union Carolyn Robert, International Trade Lead Specialist, Inter-American Development Bank Rajan Sharma, President, Nepal Freight Forwarders Association 	 this growing sector. Tourism is one of the top three exports for the majority of developing countries and for at least 22 LDCs. This session will discuss the development impact of the tourism sector and actions that developing countries, their development partners and tourism operators can take to maximize backward linkages into their economies to meet job creation and sustainable development objectives. <i>Moderator: Dale Honeck, Counsellor, Trade in Services Division, World Trade Organization</i> Humberto Brito, Minister of Tourism, Industry and Energy, Cape Verde Neil Linwood, Senior Vice President, Strategic Development, Carnival Australia Helen Marano, Vice-President, Government and Industry Affairs, World Travel and Tourism Council Youssu Ndour, Minister of Tourism, The Gambia Taleb Rifai, Secretary-General, World Tourism Organization
13.00 - 15.00	Session 17: Aid for Trade, Services and Global Value Chains – Oppo	rtunities for Least Developed Countries (Room W)
	value-added in world GDP was 70% in 2010 – a figure that has risen stead changes in economies that have led to greater specialization. Notwiths manufacturing, agriculture and mining, in most economies the services' sh combined. Yet the services sector is typically neglected within the develop of services in economic development, and the potential for growth in s	World Bank's World Development Indicators (2012), the share of services lily from 53% in 1970. The services' share has risen as a result of structural tanding national variations in the shares of GDP attributable to services, hare is greater than that of the other three components of economic activity ment policy debate. The aim of the session will be to affirm the central role services exports from Least Developed Countries, by highlighting several on, and supported by the International Trade Centre which has prepared a Developed Countries.
	Moderator: Tim Yeend, Ambassador, Permanent Representative to the WT	D, Australia
	• Jane Drake-Brockman, Senior Adviser, International Trade Centre	
	François Kanimba, Minister, Trade and Industry, Rwanda	

	DAY 2: UNDERSTANDING VALUE CHAIN	IS AND DEVELOPMENT			
	• Stephen N. Karingi, Director, Regional Integration, Infrastructure and Trade Division, United Nations Economic Commission for Africa				
	Florence Kata, President, Uganda Export Promotion Board				
	• Jeffrey D. Lewis, Director of Economic Policy, Debt and Trade, World Ba	nk			
	• Fahim Mashroor, President, Bangladesh Association of Software and Info	ormation Services (BASIS), Chief Executive Officer, BDJobs			
	Abdoulaye Ndiaye, Director General, Agir et Promouvior, Senegal				
	 Trudy Witbreuk, Head of Division, Development Division, Trade an Development 	d Agriculture Directorate, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and			
15.00 - 16.30	Session 18: Connecting to Information and Communication Technology Value Chains (Room CR)	Session 19: Connecting to Textiles and Apparel Value Chains (Room W)			
	 Value chains in information and communication technology (ICT) manufacturing have led to the successful emergence of "factory Asia", but LDCs and most developing countries outside Asia are only minor producers of ICT goods. ICT services such as telecommunications and computer services constitute vital inputs to both services and manufacturing sectors of the domestic economy and also offer opportunities for developing country firms to participate in international value chains. Sound regulation of telecommunications markets, ICT infrastructure and ICT skills facilitate the formation of ICT value chains and can unleash the full potential of ICTs for a country's economic and social development. Many developing countries have made significant progress in ICT regulation and infrastructure, but the digital divide between OECD countries and developing countries, LDCs in particular, is still large. The session will discuss the development, trade and aid for trade implications of entering, moving up and establishing ICT value chains. Moderator: Carlos A. Primo Braga, Professor of International Political Economy and Director of the Evian Group IMD Beñat Bilbao, Associate Dirctor and Economist, World Economic Forum, Geneva Azdine El Mountassir Billah, General Manager, National Agency for Telecommunications Regulation, Morocco Héctor Hugo Huerta Reyna, Director, International Regulation, América Móvil 	 The textile and apparel sector has played a pivotal role in the industrial development and export diversification of many countries, in particular, low-income countries. The aim of this session is to discuss the dynamic factors driving textiles and apparel values in the post-Multi Fibre Arrangement world. The session will debate issues of connectivity, economic and social upgrading and the asymmetrical power relationships in interplay, and will conclude by looking at the implications for public and private actors in this critical sector of the global economy. <i>Moderator: Cornelia Staritz, Senior Researcher, Austrian Research Foundation for International Development</i> Md. Shafiul Islam, Member, Bangladesh Garment and Exporters Manufacturers Association (BGMEA) Salim Ismail, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Socota Group Henrik Lampa, Head of Product Sustainability, Hennes and Mauritz AB Arianna Rossi, Research and Policy Officer, ILO-IFC Better Work Programme Joshua Setipa, Chief Executive Officer, Lesotho National Development Corporation Tatsufumi Yamagata, Secretary-General/Professor, Institute of Developing Economies (IDE)/Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO) 			

	DAY 2: UNDERSTANDING VALUE CHAINS AND DEVELOPMENT				
	Information Services (BASIS) and Chief Executive Officer, BDJobs				
	Susan Teltscher, Head, ICT Data and Statistics Division, International Telecommunication Union				
16.30 - 18.00	Session 20: Moving the Development Effectiveness Agenda Forward: Assessing the Impact of Aid for Trade (Room CR)				
	The Third Global Review advanced the debate on showing results from Aid for Trade. Subsequent research has provided additional methodological depth and detail to the debate, notably through research work at national level in developing countries – some of which uses methods such as impact evaluations. The Busan High Level Forum on Development Effectiveness has also sought to further develop the Paris Principles on Aid Effectiveness and focus attention on the development outcomes needed to sustain public support for official development assistance. At the same time, new South-South partners are also becoming important trade, investment and development partners. The session will seek to survey the state of our knowledge on the development effectiveness of Aid for Trade, how to satisfy the political imperative to show results, and debate how monitoring and evaluation systems can be further improved in practice – particularly with a view to capturing the development priorities of partner countries within this process.				
	Moderator: Michael G. Plummer, Eni Professor of International Economics, Johns Hopkins University				
	Matti Anttonen, Under-Secretary of State for External Economic Relations, Finland				
	Debapriya Bhattacharya, Distinguished Fellow, Centre for Policy Dialogue				
	Eamon Cassidy, Deputy Director, Trade Policy Unit, Department for International Development				
	Jorge Daccarett, Executive Director, Chilean Agency for International Co-operation				
	François Kanimba, Minister, Trade and Industry, Rwanda				
	Ricardo Meléndez-Ortiz, Chief Executive, International Centre for Trade and Sustainable Development				
	Gabriel André Duque Mildenberg, Vice-Minister, Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Colombia				

		DAY 2:	SIDE EVENTS ²	
9.00 - 11.00	Side event 14: Skills for Competitiveness (ILO/WTO) (Room W) Skills are an important determinant of the level and quality of countries' export growth. The availability of skills in the work force determines countries' ability to diversify exports and integrate more fully in the global economy. Availability of skilled labour is also a prerequisite for countries to absorb new technologies. Enterprise survey data show that many firms rank finding adequately skilled workers as a major constraint to their business. Difficulties finding adequately skilled workers also impede developing country firms, in particular small and medium sized ones, to connect to and benefit from GVCs. This side event provides an opportunity for sharing research findings and policy approaches on the role of skills development in translating trade openness into sustainable growth of productive and decent work.	Side event 15: Pacific Breakfast (PIFS) (9.00- 9.30, Room B) Global Review participants are invited to a Pacific- themed breakfast organized by the Pacific Island Forum Secretariat. The breakfast will allow participants to sample food typical of the Pacific islands. The Pacific breakfast will showcase products from the Pacific's WTO Members and promotional material on the Pacific will be on display. The breakfast will include a special address by the Honourable Richard Maru, Minister of Commerce, Industry and Trade of Papua New Guinea.	Side event 16: Agricultural Value Chains and Food Security in Transition Economies: Testimonials from the Field (UNECE) (Room S2) Achieving food security is a challenging development objective. In addition to ensuring the availability of sufficient supplies at affordable prices, it requires providing adequate nutrition levels, protecting public safety and meeting consumers' cultural expectations. For transition economies, delivering on this objective is complicated by weak productive capacities in agriculture and food manufacturing; insufficient natural resource endowments; high poverty rates; and, in some cases, inadequate land- title systems. These shortcomings have meant that most of these countries are net food importers, prompting targeted efforts to develop the agricultural sector and make it more efficient. A salient feature of efforts to date has been an emphasis on integrating farmers and food processors into agricultural value chains. Whether regional or global, these value chains are	Side event 17: From Standards Compliance to Shared Value: Making Value Chains meet Development Challenges (UNIDO/ICTSD/ODI/ IDE-JETRO) (Room S3) Standards are an essential element of value chain governance and value chain development approaches look at both public and private bodies as drivers of standards and on the interaction and cooperation between. Moving from pure compliance to the creation of shared value should be an overriding principle for all involved actors. The side event will focus on the interconnectedness of different elements of quality infrastructure (standards, accreditation and certification) and value chain development. Taking different value chain examples it analyzes major challenges that developing country producers need to overcome in order to integrate into global supply chains. The panellists will flag what kind of support is most needed by different actors in the public and the private sector to surmount these obstacles and link these efforts to the AFT Initiative.

² Please note that the accompanying text has been supplied by side event organizers.

		DAY 2:	SIDE EVENTS ²	
			seen as a vehicle for empowering small farmers and manufacturers by providing them with access to knowledge, finance, inputs and technology while, at the same time, reducing production and trade related transaction costs. This side event will bring to the fore Aid-for-Trade processes that have contributed to integrating transition economies into agricultural value chains, and their contribution to food security. It will bring together public and private sectors stakeholders from transition economies as well as donor agencies in order to share information on best practices, based on actual field experiences.	
11.00-13.00	Side event 18: Africa Can Compete! Cases of Africa Succeeding in Global Markets (USAID/African Cashew Alliance (Room D) More than 40% of the world's cashews are grown in Africa. Yet for too long, Africa's cashews have been exported to other countries for processing, denying Africa the value-added afforded by local processing. Sheanut is another indigenous African product that has served as a traditional source of nutrition in Africa but is only recently being recognized for its potential as a premium	Side event 19: "Global Value Chains in a Changing World" (WTO/Fung Global Institute/Temasek Foundation) (Room S1) In November 2012, the Fung Global Institute, the Temasek Foundation and the WTO Secretariat organized a Dialogue on Global Value Chains (GVCs) in Singapore that brought together government officials and GVC specialists from business, the policy world, economics, and management. The dialogue	Side event 20: "Aid for Trade, Regional and Global Value Chains and the Role of Trilateral Cooperation" (CUTS/SAWTEE) (Room S2) Trilateral Development Cooperation model of implementing Aid projects has multi-stakeholder coordination inherent in it and provides an ideal platform for regional AfT projects. The ideal model of Trilateral Development Cooperation goes much beyond simple tripartite aid initiatives involving donors from developed and developing regions and recipient countries. It involves	Side event 21: Mainsteaming Environment into Aid for Trade: Improving Sustainability of Global Value Chains (Canada/Denmark/ ITC/ICTSD/IISD) (Room S3) Global value chains play a critical role in engaging developing countries in global markets. However, ensuring environmental sustainability in these value chains remains a complex task. The environmental impacts of global value chains vary according to methods and technologies used in sourcing raw materials, process and manufacture, transport, retail and waste management. Emerging climate challenges and other environmental pressures can also affect participation of developing countries in global value chains. Mainsteaming environment into Aid for Trade can help in improving sustainability of global vaule chains. It can help developing countries

		DAY 2: S	DIDE EVENTS ²		
	products. is This side event will tell the is story of these two value chains and discuss the catalyzing role for that USAID has played in the pro- creation of the African Cashew events Alliance (ACA) and the Global Composition of the African Cashew events Alliance (ACA) and the Global Composition of the African Cashew events Shea Alliance (GSA). The events insights regarding the vents of the event visit is the the term of the term of the event visit is the event visit is the event visit is the event visit is the term of the event visit is the event visit is the term of term	ssues facing GVCs and their mplications for government policy. The papers prepared for the Dialogue have been but together in a volume entitled "Global Value Chains in a Changing World" in	participation of a wide range of stakeholders in various capacities. In this session, the state of regional value chains in selected developing regions, particularly in South Asia, Eastern and Southern Africa and n Mercosur, and possibilities of inking them with GVCs.	climate resili environmental present case	h their competitiveness, improve ence and benefit from niche market opportunities. The event will studies from Aid for Trade to est practice in improving value chain
13.00-15.00	Side event 22: Incorporating Developing Country SMEs int Value Chains: Implications fo Aid for Trade (ITC) (Room D) The growing importance of regional value chains in international trad	o Indications and their Im or Development and Inte into Value Chains ((Room S1)	(France) Anniversary Lectur egration (France) To celebrate its 30 CUTS International, leading voices of	e (Room S2) th Anniversary, one of the the South on	Side event 25: Towards more Sustainable Cotton – Working with GVCs in the Textile Industry (Sweden/Switzerland/ Better Cotton Initiative) (13.15- 15.00, Room S3)
	provides a unique opportunity t increase exports by small an medium-sized enterprises (SMEs through their integration into thes value chains. The Internationa Trade Centre (ITC), an agency wit a private sector and SME focus, ha developed a market-led approach t	used to protect intellectual and are often misunderst misjudged. But their contribution in terms development, preservat diversity, quality and loca real. The objective of this si	property tood andGovernance, is Lecturesor majorpositive of ruraleminent persons on issues and challeng global developmention of jobsof stuesday, the Pascal	yanizing Public capitals, by contemporary ges facing the community. On of July 2013, rector-General,	Cotton is the world's most important natural fiber. But for companies in the textile industry it is a challenge to reach out through the value chain to assure production is socially, environmentally and economically sustainable. Stakeholders, from

			DAY 2: SIDE EVEN	ITS ²		
	facilitate the value chain integration of SMEs from developing countries and transition economies, including from Least Developed Countries (LDCs). International business, SME and trade and development actors will share their experience and discuss the opportunities and challenges. The panel will explore the roles and contributions of different stakeholders in this integration process and the implications for the Aid for Trade initiative. Participants will leave with an appreciation of the challenges and an understanding of good practices.	economic experiences participatin protection of countries, explain contribution also add cooperation experience	countries on GIs in respect to their value. Based on the s of actors involved and g in efforts to further the of GIs in their respective the event will seek to and illustrate the n and value of GIs. It will ress the issue of n between countries with in the field of GIs and that are willing to n GIs.	Secretary-General, UN deliver lectures on "T Issues" and "Linkage Competition Policy and Protection", respectivel Jenny, Professor of Ec ESSEC Business School be in Chair and Pradee Secretary General, International will spea journey of CUTS and it the future.	rade Policy s between Consumer y. Frederic conomics at , Paris will p S. Mehta, CUTS ak on the	farmers, suppliers and manufactures to brands and retailers as well as civil society have joined forces and developed a voluntary initiative, Better Cotton Initiative – BCI, with the objective to collectively address the negative impacts of mainstream cotton production and to create a global market for cotton produced in a way that is better for the people who produce it, better for the environment it grows in and better for the sector's future. Data already show that Better Cotton has a positive impact in the field. Among the founding partners of BCI were HM, IKEA and WWF with support from Seco and Sida. Join this event and listen to opportunities and lessons learned from the entire chain from farm to the retailer.
15.00-16.30	 Side event 26: Cape Verde Roundtable (EIF) (Room S1) Cape Verde, a small archipelago of ten islands in the Atlantic Ocean, has in the recent years gained the status of a middle income country due to its sound economic and social performance. These efforts accompanied by the stable political situation, have allowed Cape Verde to graduate to a developing country in 2008, based on two of the three graduation criteria; gross national income per capita and the human assets index. The economic vulnerability index is yet to be met. To overcome the country's economic fragility, the Government has adopted a cohesive national strategy to move from an economy essentially relying on external assistance and remittances to the pursuance of alternative routes to 		Trade-Related Supply Connection to Global Chains (WTO Academ (Room S2) While trade opening development and inclu necessarily sufficient constraints may make if countries, in particular la to reap the full opportunities. While the evidence identifying constraints, much less is of policies to overcome objective of this side evid gained from research	is indispensable to sive growth, it is not per se. Supply side t difficult for low-income east developed countries benefit from trading re is an ample empirical relevant supply side t these constraints. The ent is to provide insights by WCP Chairs on the ting trade-related supply	in a Va Netherland The objecti prepared b entitled "Ma Partnership the results related pub foster an e private sec and recom developmen to help de value chai studies will Link to prog	t 28: Public-Private Partnerships hlue Chain Context (Canada/ ds/STDF) (15.00-17.00, Room S3) we of this event is to present a report y the Canadian North-South Institute odels for Trade-Related Private Sector s for Development", to disseminate of STDF work in the area of SPS- lic-private partnerships (PPPs) and to extensive dialogue among public and tor experts on key lessons learned mendations to enhance the future and implementation of PPPs aiming veloping countries in connecting to ns. Specific experiences and case be presented and discussed. ramme: .standardsfacility.org/en/TAAidForTra

DAY 2: SIDE EVENTS ²					
	development and economic growth, based on the creation of value addition through its cultural heritage and specific geographic and socio-economic context.	side constraints and connection to global and de4GR.htm. regional value chains.		<u>de4GR.htm</u> .	
	The roundtable will showcase the efforts and achievements made thus far the challenges ahead for a further integration of Cape Verde into the global economy.				
16.30-18.00	Side event 26 (cont): Cape Verde Roundtable (EIF) (Room S1) Side event 27 (cont): Design of Policies Targeting Trade-Related Supp Constraints and Connection to Global and Regional Value Chains Academic Chair Programme) (Room S2)			Global and Regional Value Chains (WTO	
18.00-19.15	Side event 29: "Connecting Artisans with Global Fashion Value Chains" – ITC's Ethical Fashion Initiative Panel Discussion and Exhibition (Atrium)				
	The International Trade Centre's Ethical Fashion Initiative connects the fashion business with artisans in Africa and Haiti. Providing work for marginalized people who have a strong desire to change their lives, ITC makes it possible for the fashion world to embrace the skills of artisans in the developing world. The event will put focus on how ITC's Ethical Fashion Initiative has assisted in linking its beneficiaries into the global value chains, as well as the programmes of partner organizations in various African countries. Speakers will discuss the various aspects of inclusive business models that integrate marginalized communities with the global value chains – and in particular the fashion and lifestyle industries – and so improve the livelihood of these disadvantaged communities. In addition to the panel discussion, there will be an exhibition featuring the work of the artisans and micro-producers participating in the Ethical Fashion Initiative.				
19.30-21.30	Side Event 30: Making Money out of Music: the Cape Verde Experience (WIPO) (Gallery/Terrace New Building)				
	Creative industries can add value to LDCs economies, generating revenue, jobs, export earnings while promoting social inclusion and human development. Given the right tools, artists can not only make the most from their creations but also contribute to the social, cultural, and economic betterment of their communities. This event – featuring live music from Cape Verde - will shine a spotlight on ways policy-makers can support musicians and music professionals who are keen to hone their knowledge of the music business. The event will showcase how Cape Verde is looking to use music as one element in its strategy to brand the country on the global market.				

	DAY 3: FUTURE PERSPECTIVES ON AID FOR TRADE
9.00 - 9.20	Session 21 : Trade, Development, and the Private Sector (Room CR) Keynote address: Marcus Wallenberg, Chair, International Chamber of Commerce G-20 Advisory Group and Director, Investor AB
9.30 - 11.00	 Session 22: Tracing the Future of Aid for Trade (Room CR) The session will seek to bring together key themes and messages from the preceding analysis and analyse implications for the AfT Initiative. The discussion well seek to frame the debate in terms of the 9th Ministerial Conference planned for 3-6 December 2013 in Bali, Indonesia and how Members may wish to drive forward the agenda thereafter. Moderator: Valentine Rugwabiza, Deputy Director-General, World Trade Organization Jinzao Li, Vice Minister of Commerce, People's Republic of China Dick de Man, Deputy Managing Director, Centre for the Promotion of Imports from Developing Countries Eric G. Postel, Assistant Administrator, Bureau of Economic Growth, Education and Environment, United States Agency for International Development Erik Solheim, Chair, Development Assistance Committee, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Gita Irawan Wirjawan, Minister of Trade, Indonesia
11.00 - 12.30	Session 23: Plenary Session for Members/Observers (Room CR) The plenary session will provide an opportunity for Members and Observers to make formal statements on the theme of connecting to value chains and to offer views on future AfT priorities and focus. Moderator: Chair of WTO Committee on Trade and Development
12.30 - 13.00	Session 24: Closing Statement (Room CR) Pascal Lamy, Director-General, World Trade Organization